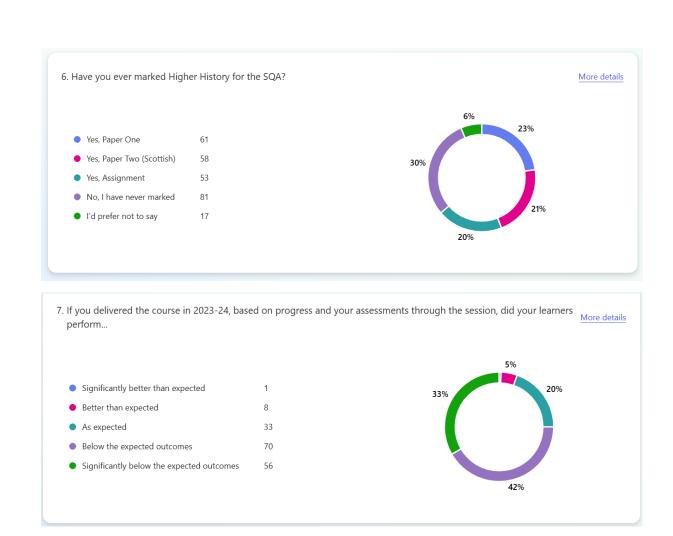
Scottish Association of Teachers of History written submission of 21 January 2025 SATH Higher History Survey 2024 **Summary of Responses** 174 History teachers have responded to the survey. In 2023 there were 1004 History • teachers in Scotland according to Scottish Government statistics. 142 centres across Scotland are represented in the survey. 6 responses did not share the • centre where they work. 375 centres presented candidates for the Higher History exam in session 2023-24. 96% of respondents (167) taught Higher History in 2023-24. • Survey results have been anonymised and shared with SQA, the Scottish Government and • Scottish History Teachers. The Excel spreadsheet containing every response with names, schools and e-mails removed has been shared along with this summary. Dr Joe Smith from Stirling University can verify that the data shared represents the survey • results with nothing other than personal details edited or removed. 5. How long have you been teaching Higher History? More details 21% 2024 was my first year teaching the course 6 0-5 years 36 5-10 years 27 60% More than 10 years 105 4. Did you deliver Higher History in session 2023-24 More details 4% 167 Yes 7 No 96%

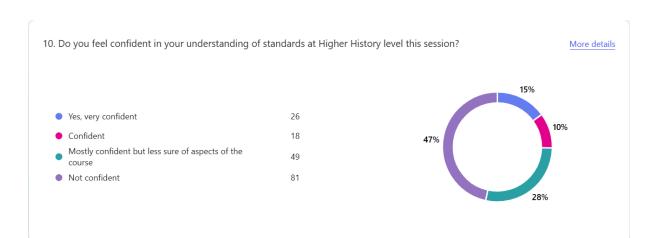


## Question 8: Please share if you have any further comment on the performance of your classes in the final exam:

Theme	Responses
Paper 1 and Assignment marks as expected,	28 responses noted that Paper 2 marks were
results brought down by Paper 2.	significantly lower than Paper 1 and
	Assignments, and that this pulled down overall
	results. One school noted a drop in the average
	mark from 21.5 in 2023 to 8.5, for example.
Pupils performed below expectations in Paper	12 responses commented on performances in
2.	Paper 2 falling below expectations based on
	performance through the year.
Pupils performed below expectations across the	7 responses noted that pupils performed below
components.	the standard achieved in class assessments; 15
	responses noted that pupil results were far
	lower than expected across both papers; 8
	responses noted a lack of A band 1s and
	concern over this; 7 responses noted that pupils
	performed 1 or 2 bands below expected results;
	9 responses noted that pupils expected to gain
	A passes achieved B grades or below; one
	response noted that they had no As for the first

Pupils performed better in other subjects	<ul> <li>time ever; one response expressed the opinion that candidates would have achieved at least a grade better in any other year.</li> <li>2 responses noted that pupils underperformed in History in comparison to their other subjects;</li> <li>7 responses noted that pupils achieving As in</li> </ul>
	their other subjects did not achieve A passes in History;
Pupils performed well or in line with expectations	10 responses noted that their classes performed well in the final exam; 2 responses noted that learners did not perform significantly below expectations; 9 responses noted that pupils performed as expected
Anomalies or mixed results	7 responses commented on anomalies in their results, eg pupils achieving far better results than expected alongside other pupils performing far worse; 3 responses noted that their results were mixed.
Poor cohort	2 responses commented on pupils who had not passed National 5 being presented for Higher, resulting in a lot of no awards; 5 responses commented on having a poor cohort, with issues with attendance and resilience; 1 response highlighted that the National 5 grade boundaries were lowered in 2023 which meant that some Higher candidates struggled to achieve at Higher level.
Goalposts moved	3 responses felt that the goalposts had been moved impacting on their results; 3 responses commented on an increased level of detail in 2024 marking instructions as evidence of a move in goalposts.

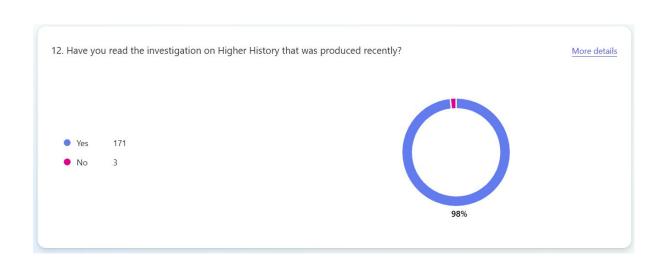
Overall, responses indicated that the majority of teachers who responded to the survey felt that the learners presented for the 2024 exam performed below their expectations based on their assessments and knowledge of their learners; paper 2 was identified as a particular issue with candidates performing very poorly in this part of the exam. Many respondents expressed concern over a drop in results in their own centres which had not been anticipated.



## Question 11: If you would like to add further comment on your understanding of standards at Higher level please do so below:

Theme	Responses
Concerns over lack of course	20 responses noted concern that the course
report/Understanding Standards dates	report was significantly delayed/not available at
	time of writing, and that dates for
	Understanding Standards sessions had not been
	released. This meant courses were past the
	halfway point without this key information.
Not confident of standard required for Paper 2	9 responses commented on a lack of confidence
	in the standard required for Paper 2; 18
	responses expressed uncertainty over the level
	of detail required in Paper 2 to gain knowledge
	marks; 3 responses highlighted concerns with
	the 2024 Migration and Empire paper, with
	reference to the named Scot issue and the
	question about the reaction of Scots to Irish
	immigrants not matching updated course
	descriptors; 1 response commented on
	concerns regarding sources, MIs and the course
	spec for Scottish Wars of Independence; 3
	responses commented that examples on the
	Understanding Standards website are out of
	date for the Scottish Paper, and would not gain
	full marks after the changes to the course spec.
General lack of confidence/confidence	15 responses indicated that they did not feel
impacted by 2024 results	confident in their understanding of the
	standard; 15 responses commented on
	previously feeling confident but no longer
	feeling that way following the 2024 exam; 6
	responses indicated that they felt that
	standards were unclear, particularly with
	regards to how best to support weaker
	candidates.

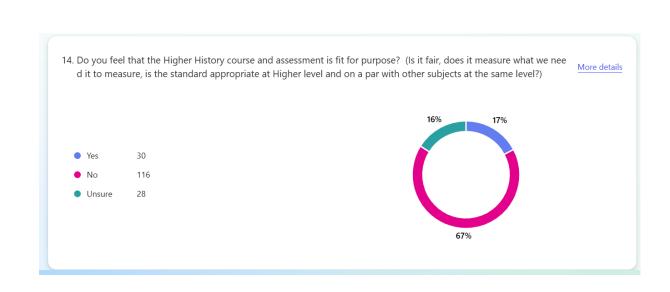
Not confident in evaluation/conclusions	26 responses highlighted evaluation and
	conclusions in essays as aspects of the essay
	writing components that they considered
	unclear, some mentioned that this is due to a
	lack of exemplification; 2 responses said that
	they were not clear on the standard required
	for the assignment.
Confident in understanding of standard	4 responses noted that they were confident in
	their understanding of essays and the
	assignment; 4 responses noted that they felt
	confident in general; 14 responses commented
	that there has been no change to the standard,
	that the standard is fair and transparent
Concerns regarding standard of pupil responses	6 responses discussed poor literacy amongst
	learners as a major barrier, particularly to Paper
	2; 1 response noted that MIs were not
	inconsistent, that the quality of knowledge in
	the Scottish paper was poor; 2 responses
	highlighted concerns over the poor standard of
	pupil response in 2024 experienced by markers;
	1 response referred to issues post-Covid
	impacting pupil progress and attainment.
Concerns related to the process of marking in	9 responses commented on the increased level
2024	of detail in the MIs in 2024, and found this
	confusing; 3 responses mentioned markers
	sharing mixed messages following markers'
	meetings; 1 response discussed markers'
	meetings moving online and the negative
	impact of this on the conversations that are
	held surrounding the standard;



## Question 13: Please share your thoughts on the findings of the investigation below: |

Theme	Responses
Disagree/don't accept the findings of the investigation	36 responses commented that they disagreed with the findings of the investigation; 18 responses described the investigation as a "whitewash"; 1 response commented that
	grades from 2024 should be changed;
The investigation should have been carried out independently, not by the SQA	23 responses commented on the fact that the investigation was carried out by the SQA, and felt that it should have been carried out by an independent body.
The investigation should have taken teachers and markers views into account and was too narrow in its' scope as only senior members of the team were interviewed.	21 responses commented that teachers and/or markers should have had their views taken into account as part of the investigation; 9 responses mentioned that the senior team had a vested interest and questioned this evidence.
The investigation blamed teachers and pupils unfairly for the drop in pass rate.	28 responses felt that the investigation blamed teachers and pupils for the drop in pass rate and disagreed with this strongly; 4 responses commented that they found this insulting.
The investigation did not adequately answer questions raised by the 2024 exam and results.	5 responses mentioned that the explanations given were not credible, and 3 responses felt that the investigation was not detailed enough; 6 responses felt that more is needed to address the issues and concerns raised, particularly around Paper 2; 10 responses queried why other literacy based subjects did not also experience a significant drop in pass rate; 6 responses commented that they felt that there should have been an admission on the part of the SQA that mistakes have been made; 2 responses mentioned that there are issues that have not been dealt with, and this is a concern;

	,
	2 responses commented on grade boundaries
	and queried why these were not changed.
The investigation was fair and thorough, and	23 responses felt that the investigation was fair
findings reflected the experience of markers	and rigorous and agreed with the findings; 13
who reported a weaker cohort.	responses agreed that literacy was an issue for
	candidates in the exam this year; 1 response
	noted that finding were as expected; 2
	responses commented that the impact of Covid
	has contributed to a drop in pass rates, and that
	the return of the assignment along with the
	reduction of four essays to three in Paper One
	has contributed to the decline in results.
A number of responses referred to markers	20 responses felt that anecdotal evidence from
sharing that there had been a change in	markers indicated that the goalposts had been
standards in 2024.	moved and that marking standards were
	inflated from previous years; 4 responses said
	that markers feel that they cannot speak out
	about issues, and that they are not listened to.
Issues were raised with the standard, including	5 responses queried the Migration and Empire
the level of detail required to gain a mark,	question asking about the Scots' reaction to
discrepancies between topics, and a question in	Irish Immigrants, given that this is not the
the Migration and Empire section of Paper 2	detailed descriptor in the new, updated course
which was worded according to the older	specification; 3 responses mentioned that
course specification.	concerns around Paper 2 and changes to the
	course spec have not been addressed; 1
	response felt that the drop in pass rate in Paper
	2 has been partly as a result of an attempt to
	"level out" the level of difficulty between
	different options, with Migration and Empire
	previously perceived as an easy option; 7
	responses commented that the standard is
	unreasonable, with too much detail required to
	gain marks.
Clear communication of key messages and	9 responses felt that there is a need for clearer
standards required	communication of key messages; 4 responses
	commented on the delay of course reports and
	Understanding Standards events which has
	created further uncertainty.
	or cated further anoer taility.



## Question 15: What changes do you feel are needed to improve the course and assessment at Higher level?

Theme	Responses
Rethink evaluation marks	14 responses felt that the difficulty of gaining
	evaluation marks prevents excellent candidates
	from gaining hgih marks/A Band 1s; 4 responses
	mentioned that it is too difficult to gain an A
	pass.
Parity needed with other subjects, particularly	40 responses felt that History is more difficult
other Social Subjects	than other Social Subjects, and that it is more
	demanding to gain marks for similar skills. The
	concern was raised that learners will not want
	to choose History if they feel it is "too hard".
Issues with amount of knowledge required,	30 responses felt that there is too much content
structure and literacy demands	in the Higher History course, leading to pupils
	rote learning essays rather than developing
	independent thought; 11 responses felt that
	there is too much emphasis on structure in the
	exam; 13 responses commented on the literacy
	demands of the course being too high, and that
	pupils are expected to write too much; 3
	responses felt that too mcuh detail is needed
	for 1 mark; 2 responses suggested reinstating 4
	essay options rather than 3 in Paper 1.
Parity in level of difficulty across the different	10 responses felt that the level of difficulty
sections of Paper 2 needed	across the different options in Paper 2 vary, and
	that they should be more in line with one
	another.
Communication/guidance/exemplification	26 responses felt that clearer guidance on skills
	and better exemplification is required,
	particularly in Paper 2; 3 responses mentioned
	issues with the Course Spec in Paper 2.
Teacher consultation/review	4 responses felt that a review of the Higher
	course is required to address the issues.

Clearer progression from National 5 to Higher	5 responses mentioned the progression from
	National 5 to Higher, and that there is too big a
	jump, and a lack or progression with some skills
	eg source comparison at National 5, but a two
	source question at Higher where the sources
	are not compared.

Area/Theme	Action points	
Understanding Standards Events	<ul> <li>54 responses identified a need for U</li> </ul>	nderstanding
	Standards Events; the key points rais	ed were:
	• These events need to happen earlier	in the session to
	support delivery of the qualification.	
	<ul> <li>Currently the US event for 12<sup>th</sup> Decen</li> </ul>	nber is full – in
	response to the issues raised, we wou	uld request
	additional events, with no limit of on	e person per
	school, to ensure that every History t	eacher who wants
	to attend is able to.	
	<ul> <li>A number of teachers requested that</li> </ul>	events are held
	both online and in person; online eve	ents can be
	recorded and accessed by everyone a	after the event
	which is very valuable, however, the a	ability to ask
	questions and engage in meaningful	discussion is
	limited.	
	<ul> <li>Cover issues in school can prevent tea</li> </ul>	achers from
	attending – it is requested that there	is a twilight
	option.	
	$\circ$ In addition to US events, it has been s	suggested that
	members of the senior team attend le	ocal authority
	network meetings to improve engage	ement with History
	teachers.	
Sharing of exemplar materials	$\circ$ 37 responses discussed the sharing of	•
	the need for these to be more extens	•
	with current course specs and sub to	pics. Key points
	were:	
	• Exemplars need to be shared early in	
	<ul> <li>All Scottish topics should be represent</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Outdated examples must be removed</li> </ul>	•
	are not based on the revised sub issu	•
	• Exemplars of candidates achieving dif	•
	should be shared in order to understa	and the minimum
	standard as well as best practice.	1 1.00
	<ul> <li>A few responses requested briefing a</li> </ul>	•
	scripts from markers' meetings share	•
	specifically asked for the 2024 examp	
	pointed out that these would be of g	reat value to all
	teachers each session.	

Question 16: Moving forward, what do you need from SQA to support your delivery of Higher History?

	<ul> <li>A theme has come through of teachers feeling that</li> </ul>
	markers have privileged information on the standard
	that is not available to everyone – more extensive
	sharing of exemplars would help to address this.
Clarity of expectations/clear	• 40 responses mentioned the need for clarity of
standards	expectations/clear standards.
	<ul> <li>This would be addressed through improving</li> </ul>
	Understanding Standards events as detailed above,
	and putting in place a rigorous programme of
	professional development opportunities.
	• Expanding on the exemplar materials as detailed above
	would also address this issue.
	<ul> <li>In Paper 1, evaluation and conclusions were mentioned</li> </ul>
	as an area where teachers are not clear on the
	standard. Further support and exemplification on
	these skills is requested.
Consistency of messages	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Consistency of messages	<ul> <li>17 responses mentioned consistency of messages</li> <li>regarding marking and the standard – it has been</li> </ul>
	noted that different messages have been shared by
	2024 Paper 2 markers.
	• Gathering marker feedback immediately after markers
	meetings, as proposed in the investigation findings,
	would provide data as to the understanding and
	confidence of markers before they begin marking.
	<ul> <li>Further training of markers, particularly first time</li> </ul>
	markers, and Team Leaders is requested.
	<ul> <li>An more open forum for questions from markers and</li> </ul>
	responses from the leadership team during the
	marking process would improve consistency – currently
	markers e-mail their Team Leader with any questions
	they have, but only they can see the response. Could
	all questions and answers be available to all markers?
	Could a version of helpful Q and As be shared after the
	marking process with all teachers?
	• Several responses noted that the course report has
	been shared too late this session. Sharing course
	reports earlier would also support consistent key
	messages.
Open communication	<ul> <li>28 responses commented on the need for better,</li> </ul>
•	more open communication. Key points were:
	<ul> <li>Updates need to happen in a timely fashion, and</li> </ul>
	teachers need to be alerted to these.
	• A more consultative approach is requested, particularly
	as we move towards changes from SQA to QS.
	<ul> <li>For example, an open forum where questions can be</li> </ul>
	asked regarding marking standards and responses given
	by SQA has been requested.
	openly challenge SQA – teacher feedback should be
	invited and engaged with to change this perception.

Acknowledge mistakes/accept	• Approximately 10 responses expressed anger at the
that there are issues to be	2024 results and made the following points:
addressed	<ul> <li>SQA should be disbanded/resignations should be</li> </ul>
	made/a new team with fresh leadership is required.
	<ul> <li>A few responses wanted grade boundaries altered to</li> </ul>
	upgrade 2024 candidates, and an admission from SQA
	that the standard was inflated.
	<ul> <li>A few responses called for a further review of the 2024 exam to be carried out.</li> </ul>
	• A few responses highlighted the need for a clear plan
	moving forward and assurances that candidates in
	2025 would not be disadvantaged.
	• A few responses said that the culture of markers
	meetings needs to change, with less of a top down
	approach.
	• One response felt that clearer regulation of practices is
	needed.
	<ul> <li>10 responses referred to the need for honesty and</li> </ul>
	fairness from SQA, highlighting that there has been a
	loss of trust.
Standards did not	<ul> <li>12 respondents expressed that they disagree that the</li> </ul>
change/current level of support	standard changed in 2024. Key points were:
is good	<ul> <li>SQA is open and transparent.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Current provision is robust.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2024 markers and members of the History team should</li> </ul>
	be supported.
Review the Higher History	$\circ$ 2 respondents stated that a whole new Higher History
course/changes required to	course is needed. Key points on this theme:
course structure and/or	<ul> <li>Comment was made on the structures required to</li> </ul>
assessment	answer questions being unnecessary.
	<ul> <li>5 respondents argued that the standard needs to be</li> </ul>
	lowered. A few comments were made throughout the
	survey about expectations of candidates being
	unreasonable.
	• There are calls to revisit the course specification for
	Paper 2 to review the sub issues, to ensure that it is
	clear what is relevant for each sub issue.
	<ul> <li>The need for straightforward questions and equal</li> </ul>
	sources across the Scottish History Paper has been
	raised. Parity across the different contexts was
	mentioned. Teachers do not support the reduction in
	options proposed by the investigation.
	<ul> <li>Three respondents proposed a reduction in course</li> </ul>
	content; others proposed four essay options rather
	than three. One respondent suggested removing
	evaluation marks for essays.
	• Reference is made at different points in the survey
	feedback to comparisons across the Social Subjects; it
	has been suggested that parity between the Social
	Subjects is reviewed.

Other comments	<ul> <li>Markers pay was discussed – after tax, the pay for</li> </ul>
	marking does not compensate for the time and
	workload involved. There had been discussion and
	concerns raised in other forums that there may be an
	issue in the future with recruiting markers.
	<ul> <li>A few requests to access the exam scripts for Higher</li> </ul>
	History, as was trialled in geography this session. Some
	want 2024 papers released, others would welcome this
	moving forward.
	<ul> <li>Further practice questions would be welcomed,</li> </ul>
	particularly for the newer skill 'how much'.
	• Marking schemes were criticised for being vague. They
	have also been criticised for changing to contain more
	detail. SQA have clarified that the level of detail in the
	MIs is to support markers – could it be clearer within
	the MIs that candidates do not need to include all of
	the examples given within a section to gain a mark?
	<ul> <li>Professional development and resources have been</li> </ul>
	requested on specific topics. This would not be
	something that SQA would provide, but can potentially
	be picked up by Education Scotland/SATH.

Recommendations/Questions Raised in SATH Committee Meeting – 8th December 2024

- There is an urgent need to improve trust and confidence, and to engage as widely as possible with History teachers. To this end, we would ask for further dates for Understanding
   Standards events, with all teachers able to attend (ie not limited to one person per school).
- We would suggest in person events to allow for discussion, and for teachers to feel listened to. These could be Understanding Standards in person events, or perhaps smaller CLPL opportunities at local authority level. (Visits could be requested, or SATH would be happy to organise in person events in Glasgow and Edinburgh.)
- We would recommend improving opportunities for teachers and markers to give feedback to the SQA. Teacher focus groups would be a good opportunity to improve two way communication and work towards positive change. Gathering feedback from teachers (and candidates) post exam re fairness of paper would provide a forum for teachers to be heard in a more productive way than via social media. It would allow SQA to respond to comments/concerns.
- The findings of the investigation have been dismissed by many is there any scope for independent scrutiny of the report from an independent body in order to address this?
- Teachers are still questioning what went wrong to lead to this drop in results in History, without other literacy based subjects facing the same drop. There is a need for a wider conversation, in a respectful manner.
- There is a perception of a two tier system, with markers having inside information on how to pass the exam that other teachers don't have. Improving the exemplars available on the Understanding Standards website would help to change this perception. What would prevent the briefing and qualification scripts being shared with everyone, not only markers? These are anonymous.
- We would recommend exemplars of answers illustrating different standards across all topics are shared as soon as possible to support teachers presenting learners for the 2025 exam.

Almost half of the teachers surveyed expressed that they did not feel confident in their understanding of the standard, which needs to be addressed urgently.

Question 17: What can SATH do to support teachers to deliver qualifications successfully?

Theme	Responses
Pressure SQA/hold SQA accountable/communicate with SQA	36 responses commented that SATH should pressure SQA or hold SQA accountable; 6 responses commented that SATH should work with SQA/Qualifications Scotland to communicate views of History teachers; 9 responses commented that SATH should speak for History teachers; 1 response suggested that SATH should organise a marking boycott; 3 responses commented on listening to members and publicly backing them, however, this comment about backing members was made by both those who are critical of SQA and those who are supportive.
Critical of SATH	8 responses commented that SATH should have acted earlier on this issue; 6 comments called SATH spineless/gutless/cowards; 2 comments said that SATH should not have any involvement with the SQA; 3 responses thought that there were members of the SQA senior team who are part of the SATH committee, incorrectly.
Support History teachers/continue to support by providing networks, organising events, sharing good practice	16 responses felt that SATH should continue to organise events; 14 responses asked SATH to support teachers by sharing examples of exam answers; 20 responses mentioned continuing to share practice, provide networks, share resources; 4 responses wanted SQA input at SATH Conferences, others mentioned SATH holding workshops or markers events.
Issue is with SQA, not SATH	2 responses highlighted that SATH are not part of this issue, it lies with the SQA; 2 responses mentioned that SATH should continue as we are

Question 18: If there is anything further that you wish to add, please enter below:

In this section respondents expressed:

- Anxiety about the future
- The feeling that SQA is not reflective
- High levels of stress relating to this issue
- No confidence in the SQA
- Low morale
- Negative impacts on wellbeing
- Thoughts of leaving teaching
- That change is needed
- Frustration
- That 2024 grades should be changed
- Anger
- That events of 2024 have brought the subject into disrepute
- Concerns over literacy issues (mentioned in several comments)
- Concerns over the social media "pile on"
- That SQA colleagues have felt denigrated
- The issue has gone on too long
- the accusation that there is a toxic culture at SQA
- that SQA need to listen to feedback